The Leadership Conference on Civil and Human Rights

1629 K Street, NW 10th Floor Washington, DC 20006 202.466.3311 voice 202.466.3435 fax www.civilrights.org



November 17, 2015

## Vote Yes on H.R. 3713, the Sentencing Reform Act of 2015

Dear Representative,

On behalf of The Leadership Conference on Civil and Human Rights, a coalition charged by its diverse membership of more than 200 national organizations to promote and protect the rights of all persons in the United States, we urge you to vote yes on H.R. 3713, the Sentencing Reform Act of 2015 (SRA). Our country faces complex, systemic issues regarding current sentencing laws and the criminal justice system as a whole. This legislation is an important first step toward addressing some of the causes of the unsustainable and unnecessary growth, as well as the persistent racial disparities, in the federal system.

By helping to reduce lengthy prison sentences for certain non-violent drug offenses and providing those currently incarcerated with the opportunity to petition the court for a reduction in their sentence, this bill will serve as a powerful tool to right the wrongs of the past, ensure justice and equality moving forward, and become a launching pad for other necessary reforms in the future.

Today, nearly one in 100 American adults is incarcerated. America's prison population, which has increased by 500 per cent over the past thirty years, is the largest in the world.<sup>i</sup> Mass incarceration has affected individuals and families across the nation, but has had a markedly disproportionate impact on communities of color. The federal Bureau of Prisons reports that 37 percent of its current prison population is African American<sup>ii</sup> and that 34 percent is Latino.<sup>iii</sup> These appalling numbers are the legacy of the misguided and overly punitive sentencing policies that were instituted beginning in the 1980s and1990s. Comprehensive criminal justice and sentencing reform is needed to address these systemic problems and inequities affecting American citizens and society. This bill offers the chance to begin making meaningful changes and to move toward a system that truly ensures equal justice for all.

Decades of evidence and experience tell us that harsh sentencing regimes have done much more harm than good. The strict penalties designed to combat the distribution of illegal drugs did little to stem the drug trade, and swept low-level non-violent drug offenders into our ever-expanding criminal justice system. Furthermore, mandatory minimums have been used against minority defendants at a staggeringly disproportionate rate. Over the past several years, the U.S. Sentencing Commission has reported that about 70 percent of mandatory minimums are imposed on African American and Latino individuals.<sup>iv</sup>

This bill will make several positive reforms to the federal sentencing system. First, the "three-strike" penalty that mandated life sentences for certain individuals has been reduced to a term of 25 years. A similar provision that mandated 20-year sentences for certain individuals has been reduced to 15. Judges are given more discretion to sentence below prescribed mandatory minimums by the expansion of the existing "safety valve" and the

Officers Chair Judith L Lichtman National Partnership for Women & Families Vice Chairs Jacqueline Pata National Congress of American Indians Thomas A. Saenz Mexican American Legal Defense and Educational Fund Hilary Shelton NAACP Treasurer Lee A. Saunders American Federation of State, County & Municipal Employees Board of Directors

Board of Directors Helena Berger American Association of People with Disabilities Cornell William Brooks NAACP Lilv Eskelsen García National Education Association Jon Greenbaum Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights Under Law Marcia D. Greenberger National Women's Law Center Chad Griffin Human Rights Campaign Linda D. Hallman AAUW Mary Kay Henry Service Employees International Union Sherrilyn Ifill NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund, Inc. Jo Ann Jenkins AARP Michael B. Keegan People for the American Way Samer E. Khalaf, Esq. American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee Elisabeth MacNamara League of Women Voters of the United States Marc Morial National Urban League Mee Moua Asian Americans Advancing Justice | AAJC Janet Murguía National Council of La Raza Debra Ness National Partnership for Women & Families Terry O'Neill National Organization for Women Priscilla Ouchida Japanese American Citizens League Rabbi Jonah Pesner Religious Action Center Of Reform Judaism Anthony Romero American Civil Liberties Union Shanna Smith National Fair Housing Alliance Richard L. Trumka AFL-CIO Randi Weingarten American Federation of Teachers Dennis Williams International Union, UAW

Policy and Enforcement Committee Chair Michael Lieberman Anti-Defamation League President & CEO Wade J. Henderson Executive Vice President & COO Karen McGill Lawson November 17, 2015 Page 2 of 2



creation of a new authority for judges to depart from certain mandatory minimums. These measures can help ensure that strict mandatory minimums are not imposed on individuals who have limited criminal history and whose alleged conduct was not the sort envisioned by these strict penalties. These reforms to the federal mandatory minimum sentencing scheme represent an acknowledgement that the draconian sentencing approaches have failed.

Further, some individuals who were previously subjected to excessive sentences are given relief under the bill. Individuals who were given life sentences under the old "three strikes" penalties will be able to petition a judge for redress. Similarly, the reforms instituted by the Fair Sentencing Act, which reduced the disparity between individuals convicted of offenses involving crack cocaine vs. powder cocaine, are made retroactive in this bill. With these reforms, many more individuals who had no hope of leaving prison will be given release dates and can look forward to returning home and rejoining their families and communities.

The Sentencing Reform Act is a much needed first step toward creating a fairer criminal justice system, while also addressing the serious safety and budgetary problems that exist in the Bureau of Prisons. The bipartisan effort that has been developed over the past several months should serve as a model for further efforts to solve the problems that have become pervasive in America's justice system. We urge you to vote yes on this important bill. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact Sakira Cook at cook@civilrights.org or (202) 263-2894. Thank you for your consideration of this critical legislation.

Sincerely,

Wade Henderson President & CEO

Nahcy Zirkin Executive Vice President

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup> http://www.sentencingproject.org/template/page.cfm?id=107

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>ii</sup> https://www.bop.gov/about/statistics/statistics\_inmate\_race.jsp

iii https://www.bop.gov/about/statistics/statistics\_inmate\_ethnicity.jsp

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>iv</sup> http://www.ussc.gov/sites/default/files/pdf/research-and-publications/quick-

facts/Quick\_Facts\_Mand\_Mins\_FY14.pdf